# Cytotechnology PLAR Candidate Guide

Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)



# Copyright

Saskatchewan	Poly	vtechnic	•
Jaskatarawan	1 01		

No part of the work(s) contained herein may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means – graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping of information and retrieval systems – without written consent of Saskatchewan Polytechnic.

Cytotechnology program is dedicated to removing barriers and broadening the access to programs at Saskatchewan Polytechnic. We believe that adults acquire knowledge and skills through life and work experience that may align with courses within our programs.

Developed by program	May 2010	May 2010				
Davisad	April 2011	April 2012	May 2014	July 2015		
Revised	June 2016	August 2017				
Web ready – PLAR	December 2010	April 2011	May 2012	June 2013		
office	July 2014	December 2014				

# **Table of contents**

Why consider a PLAR assessment?	4
What are the PLAR options?	4
Individual course challenge	4
Fees:	4
How many courses can be challenged through PLAR in the Cytotechnology program?	4
Which courses are PLAR-ready?	5
Is PLAR available at any time of the year?	6
Is it easier to challenge a course through PLAR or take the course?	6
Methods of assessing prior learning	6
If I live out of town, do I have to travel to a main campus to do PLAR?	7
What if I have a disability & need equity accommodations?	7
Are there other ways to gain Saskatchewan Polytechnic credits for prior learning?	7
Contact us	8
The PLAR process	9
How long will it take to prepare evidence for PLAR?	.10
Steps to complete a self-audit	.10
APHY 191 – Anatomy & Physiology 1	.11
APHY 282 – Anatomy & Physiology 2	.14
BIOL 181 – Molecular Biology	.16
ETHC 185 – Professional Practices 1	.18
ETHC 280 – Professional Practices 2	.21
IMMU 183 – Immunology	.24
INFC 180 – Infection Control and Safety	.26
MTER 180 – Medical Terminology	.29
PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures	.31
Appendices	.35
Appendix A: Employment validation form	.36
Appendix B: Employer validation checklists	.37
ETHC 185 – Professional Practices 1	.37
ETHC 280 – Professional Practices 2	.40
INFC 180 – Infection Control and Safety	.42
PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures	.44
Appendix C: INFC 180 - PPE Student Agreement Biohazard	.47
Appendix D: Exam Proctor form	.48
Appendix E: Cover page	.49

### Why consider a PLAR assessment?

PLAR refers to the combination of flexible ways of evaluating people's lifelong learning, both formal and informal against a set of established standards. You can receive academic credit for your relevant lifelong learning. The Cytotechnology program recognizes prior learning in two ways.

- Previous formal learning from a recognized training institution through transfer of credit.
- Previous informal learning or experiential learning through a comprehensive prior learning and recognition process.

# What are the PLAR options?

The following courses in the Cytotechnology program may be taken by continuing education or challenged through PLAR as an unclassified student prior to being admitted to the program. Completing program courses prior to admission has no impact on admission requirements but may reduce your course load if you are successfully admitted.

- APHY 191, Anatomy and Physiology 1
- APHY 282, Anatomy and Physiology 2
- ETHC 185, Professional Practices 1
- INFC 180, Infection Control and Safety
- MTER 190, Medical Terminology

To be eligible to register for any other courses in this program, whether through PLAR or continuing education, an applicant must first apply and be successfully admitted to the Cytotechnology program.

### **Individual course challenge**

If you have (within the last five years) successful experience in the Cytotechnology field, and have learned the skills and knowledge for one or more of the Cytotechnology courses, you may apply to be assessed for each applicable course.

### Fees:

- There will be a charge for each individual course assessment.
- For a listing of the specific PLAR fees for this program, check the online PLAR Inventory Database.

# How many courses can be challenged through PLAR in the Cytotechnology program?

Currently we have PLAR challenges available for 9 out of 33 diploma courses. There is no limit. You may challenge as many of these courses as you are able to prove prior skills and knowledge through assessment.

	Cytotechnology diploma p	orogram profile	
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	PLAR Challenge(s) <i>available</i> through program	PLAR Challenge(s) not available
APHY 191	Anatomy & Physiology 1	<b>√</b>	
APHY 282	Anatomy & Physiology 2	✓	
BIOL 181	Molecular Biology	✓	
CLIN 287	Clinical Histotechnology		X
CLIN 292	Clinical Molecular Biology		х
CYTO 180	Gynecologic Cytology Theory 1		×
CYTO 181	Gynecologic Cytology Lab 1		×
CYTO 182	Respiratory Cytology 1		×
CYTO 184	Aspiration Cytology 1		×
CYTO 280	Gynecologic Cytology Theory 2		×
CYTO 281	Gynecologic Cytology Lab 2		×
CYTO 282	Respiratory Cytology 2		×
CYTO 283	Aspiration Cytology 2		х
CYTO 286	Body Fluid Analysis		×
CYTO 287	Gastrointestinal Cytology		×
ETHC 185	Professional Practices 1	✓	
ETHC 280	Professional Practices 2	✓	
HEMA 191	Fundamental Hemopathology		×
HSTC 184	Microanatomy		×
HSTC 185	Histotechnology 1		×
HSTC 187	Histotechnology 2		×
IMMU 183	Immunology	✓	
INFC 180	Infection Control and Safety	✓	
MTER 180	Medical Terminology	✓	
PATH 185	Introductory Cytopathology 1		×
PATH 280	Introductory Cytopathology 2		×
PATH 281	Introductory Cytopathology 3		×
PROC 182	Cytology Lab Procedures	✓	

Cytotechnology diploma program profile						
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	PLAR Challenge(s) <i>available</i> through program	PLAR Challenge(s) not available			
SIMU 282	Simulation Laboratory		×			
PRAC 291	Cytology Practicum 1		×			
PRAC 292	Cytology Practicum 2		×			
PRAC 294	Cytology Practicum 3		×			
PRAC 295	Cytology Practicum 4		×			

# Is PLAR available at any time of the year?

PLAR challenges are currently being offered prior to start date of course being challenged.

# Is it *easier* to challenge a course through PLAR or take the course?

Neither is easier. By using PLAR you may reduce the repetition of studying information that you already know. The PLAR process allows you to demonstrate knowledge you already have.

PLAR is not an easy way to certification, rather a "different" way to obtain certification. Your personal level of skill and experience will dictate which courses you choose to challenge. The self-audit section found later in this guide will help you decide if you have a good match of skill and knowledge for a specific course.

### Methods of assessing prior learning

Assessment methods measure an individual's learning against course learning outcomes. The PLAR assessment methods listed below are most commonly used, separately or in combination, to assess learning for Medical Diagnostic courses. Other forms of flexible assessment may be considered.

- evidence files with requested documents
- employment validations
- employer validation checklists
- challenge exams
- performance evaluations (including skill demonstrations, role plays, clinical applications, case studies)
- interviews and oral exams
- equivalency (evaluations of learning from non-credit training providers)

All documents submitted to Saskatchewan Polytechnic may be returned to the student after the final results have been given and the grade appeal deadline of seven days has passed. A copy of transcripts and certificates may be included in your evidence file, but be prepared to show original documents at the PLAR audit meeting for validation.

# If I live out of town, do I have to travel to a main campus to do PLAR?

There will be times that you will need to meet with the program on campus. However, we will try to keep travel to a minimum.

# What if I have a disability and need accessibility accommodations?

At Saskatchewan Polytechnic, we understand that sometimes services must be provided to students in a variety of ways to achieve the goals of fair representation. Therefore, the range of services provided for students with disabilities is as diverse as the needs of those students. We strive for equity (not uniformity) and provide varied services for students with differing needs. If more information is required, please contact Accessibility Services.

# Are there other ways to gain Saskatchewan Polytechnic credits for prior learning?

### **Transfer Credit**

Saskatchewan Polytechnic will grant credit for previous training that is similar in content, objectives, and evaluation standards to Saskatchewan Polytechnic training. Transfer of credit is different from the PLAR process. Transfer Credit guidelines may be found at: http://saskpolytech.ca/admissions/resources/transfer-credit.aspx

It is the student's responsibility to check with Registration Services for specific campus procedures on this policy. For specific information and guidelines regarding transfer of credit, contact a Saskatchewan Polytechnic educational counsellor.

# **Equivalency Credit**

Equivalency credit refers to the application of credit you may have earned in a previously taken Saskatchewan Polytechnic course to your current Saskatchewan Polytechnic course. Apply at registration services for *equivalency credit*. This process should also be completed prior to your PLAR challenge. If these credits cannot be used for *equivalency credit*, you may use these accredited courses as part of your evidence for your PLAR challenge.

### **Contact us**

If more information is required, please contact a counsellor at a campus closest to you.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic in Moose Jaw Counselling Services, Room 2.203 306-691-8311 or 306-691-8310 StudentServicesMooseJaw@saskpolytech.ca

Saskatchewan Polytechnic in Prince Albert Counselling Services, Room F203 (Technical Centre) 306-765-1611

StudentServicesPrinceAlbert@saskpolytech.ca

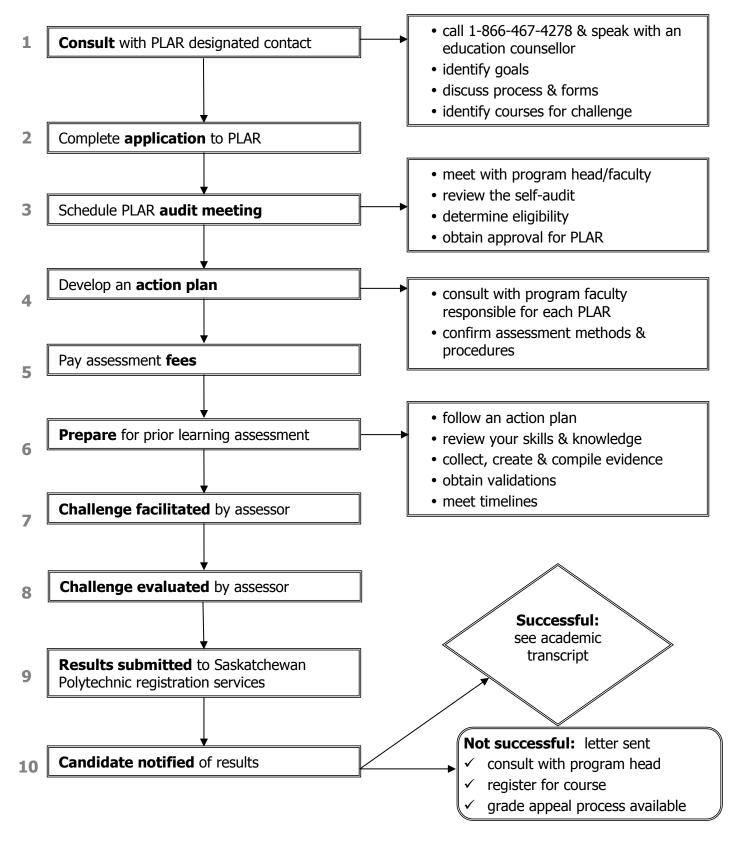
Saskatchewan Polytechnic in Regina Counselling Services, Room 228 306-775-7436 StudentServicesRegina@saskpolytech.ca

Saskatchewan Polytechnic in Saskatoon Counselling Services, Room 114 306-659-4050

StudentServicesSaskatoon@saskpolytech.ca

# **Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition process**

To be eligible for PLAR, an applicant must first register or already be registered as a Saskatchewan Polytechnic student. Courses which are not available to unclassified students may not be challenged by PLAR until such time that the student has been successfully accepted into the Cytotechnology program.



# How long will it take to prepare evidence for PLAR?

Since the requirements are different for each course, and each candidate has different experiences, the amount of time it takes to prepare your evidence will vary.

# Steps to complete a self-audit

1. Read through the levels of competence as listed below.

**Mastery:** I am able to demonstrate the learning outcome well enough to

teach it to someone else.

**Competent:** I can work independently to apply the learning outcome.

**Functional:** I need some assistance in using the outcome. **Learning:** I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.

**None:** I have no experience with the outcome.

### **Learning outcomes**

For each learning outcome listed, please self-evaluate your competency levels and record in the appropriate column for each self-audit.

- 2. Take a few minutes and read through the following self-audit for each course you are interested in as a PLAR candidate.
- 3. Check your level of competence as you read through each of the learning outcomes for each course. The information will help you in your decision to continue with your PLAR application.
- 4. In order to be successful in a PLAR assessment, your abilities must be at the competent or mastery level for the majority of the learning outcomes. Some things to consider when determining your level of competence are:
  - How do I currently use this outcome?
  - What previous training have I had in this outcome: workshops, courses, on-the-job?
  - What personal development or volunteer experience do I have in this area?

Be prepared to explain the reason you chose this level if asked by an assessor.

5. Bring the completed self-audit to a consultation meeting with the program head or faculty member in step 3 – PLAR process of the candidate process for prior learning assessment.

# APHY 191 - Anatomy & Physiology 1

You will explore the structure and function of organs and systems in the normal human body. Your studies will focus on the integumentary, skeletal, muscular, nervous and endocrine systems.

Credit unit(s): 3.0

APHY 191 – Anatomy & Physiology 1  Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:  Anatomy & Physiology 1  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Describe the structural organization of the human body.					
Identify levels of structural organization					
Describe systems of the human body					
Describe anatomical position and related terminology					
Identify features of body cavities					
2. Describe the chemical level of organization of the human body.					
Define terms related to body chemistry					
State the structure and function of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleotides in the human body					
3. Describe the cellular level of organization of the human body.					
Describe the structure and function of components of the human cell					
Describe protein synthesis					
Describe cell division					
4. Describe the tissue level of organization of the human body.					
State the structure and function of epithelial tissues					
State the structure and function of connective tissues					
State the structure and function of membranes					
State the structure and function of muscle and nervous tissue					
5. Describe the structure and function of the skeletal system.					
Describe the structure of bone tissue					
Describe bone growth					
Describe the main divisions of the skeleton and their component					
Describe joints, bursae and tendons					

APHY 191 – Anatomy & Physiology 1  Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:  I an able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
6. Describe the structure and function of the nervous system.					
State the organization and function of the nervous system					
Discuss neurophysiology					
Describe the structure and function of the central nervous system					
Describe the structure and function of the peripheral nervous system					
<ul> <li>Describe the structure and basic physiology of the following senses: smell, taste, sight and hearing</li> </ul>					
7. Describe the structure and function of the endocrine system.					
Describe the endocrine gland activity					
<ul> <li>Describe the structure and function of the pituitary glands and hypothalamus</li> </ul>					
Describe the structure and function of the thyroid gland					
Describe the structure and function of the parathyroid gland					
Describe the structure and function of the adrenal gland					
Describe the structure and function of the pancreas					
State the hormones produced by the gonads					
8. Describe the structure and function of the muscular system.					
<ul> <li>Describe the types and characteristics of muscle tissue</li> </ul>					
State the structure and function of skeletal muscle					
State the structure and function of cardiac and smooth muscle					
9. Describe the structure and function of the integumentary system.					
State the structure and function of skin components					
Discuss skin pathology					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in the following way. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory
- The closed book exam consists of multiple choice questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D)

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic(current edition) *APHY 191 – Anatomy & Physiology 1*, course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# APHY 282 - Anatomy & Physiology 2

Building on the knowledge gained in APHY 191 (Anatomy & Physiology 1), you will continue your study of the structure and function of the normal human body. Your studies will focus on the cardiovascular, immune, respiratory, digestive, urinary and reproductive systems.

Credit unit(s): 3.0

**Prerequisite(s):** APHY 191

Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Anatomy & Physiology 2  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competent	Functional	Learning	None
1. Describe	the structure and function of the cardiovascular system.					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s the characteristics of blood					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be the structure and function of blood cells					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s coagulation and blood groups					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s heart anatomy					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s heart physiology					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be blood vessels and circulation					
2. Describe	the structure and function of the immune system.					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s the structure and function of the lymphatic system					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be non-specific resistance to disease					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s immunity					
3. Describe	the structure and function of the respiratory system.					
<ul><li>Discus portio</li></ul>	s the anatomy and physiology of the conduction and respiratory					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be the mechanics of respiration					
4. Describe	the structure and function of the digestive system.					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be the structure and function of the gastrointestinal tract					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s the structure and function of the upper gastrointestinal tract					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s the structure and function of the lower gastrointestinal tract					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be chemical digestion and absorption					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be metabolism and energy production					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s nutrition and metabolism of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids					
5. Describe	the structure and function of the urinary system.					

APHY 282 – Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Anatomy & Physiology 2  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competent	Functional	Learning	None
■ Descri	be the anatomy of the urinary system					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be kidney function					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be urine, the bladder and urinary system pathology					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	ss the regulatory function of the kidney					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be electrolytes, acid-base balance and buffering systems					
6. Describe	the structure and function of the reproductive system.					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be the male reproductive system					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be the female reproductive system					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in the following way. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory
- The closed book exam consists of multiple choice questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic(current edition) *APHY 282 – Anatomy & Physiology 2*, course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# **BIOL 181 – Molecular Biology**

You will study the principles of molecular biology techniques and explain the practical applications of this technology as it would apply in the diagnostic laboratory. The course content includes DNA/RNA isolation, hybridization, Polymerase Chain Reaction, and restriction enzyme analysis.

Credit unit(s): 1.0

BIOL 181 — M Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Olecular Biology  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Explain nu	cleic acids.					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e nucleotides					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid)					
■ Describ	e the difference between RNA and DNA					
2. Explain the	e flow of genetic information.					
■ Describ	e replication					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e transcription					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e translation					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e genes					
3. Explain mo	olecular biology techniques.					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e molecular enzymes					
■ Describ	e DNA probes					
■ Describ	e DNA probe assays					
■ Describ	e amplification techniques					
■ Describ	e electrophoresis					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e blotting techniques					
<ul> <li>Describe</li> </ul>	e clinical applications					
■ Apply m	nolecular techniques					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in the following way. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory
- The closed book exam consists of multiple choice and short answer questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

### Resources

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *BIOL 181 – Molecular Biology*, course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

### ETHC 185 - Professional Practices 1

You will receive an introduction to health care and health care delivery systems. You will study the legal and ethical issues faced by health care professionals. You will discuss interpersonal and employability skills required in health care professions with an emphasis on teamwork, communication and stress management. You will learn methods to deal with grief and loss, in addition to skills and techniques for critical thinking and conflict management.

Credit unit(s): 3.0

Equivalent course(s): HUMR 182

Ma: Cor Fur	It am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1.	Describe health care and health care delivery.					
	Describe health and its determinants					
	<ul> <li>Describe the components of Canada's health care system</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe the types of health care delivery</li> </ul>					
2.	Describe legal and ethical issues in health care.					
	<ul> <li>Describe the role and responsibilities of provincial and national professional associations</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Define a hospital's legal responsibility for providing a standard of care</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe behaviour guidelines to minimize the risk of harassment, slander and sexual abuse</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe the components of a valid consent for treatment</li> </ul>					
	• Describe the importance of confidentiality in health care environments					
	<ul> <li>Discuss professional ethics and bioethics</li> </ul>					
	Describe mandatory reporting of suspected abuse and malpractice					
	Describe health care directives					
3.	Describe effective employability skills required in health care professions.					
	<ul> <li>Identify the core skills for employability and professionalism</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Identify the skills specific to Medical Diagnostics</li> </ul>					
	Identify the importance of individual skill development					
	Identify strategies to develop employability skills and professionalism					
4.	Demonstrate interpersonal communication.					
	Describe the communication process					
	<ul> <li>Discuss how the communication process integrates effective verbal, non-verbal, listening and perception skills</li> </ul>					

Ma: Cor Fur	IC 185 – Professional Practices 1  stery: I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  npetent: I can work independently to apply the outcome.  ictional: I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
	Describe barriers to effective communication					
	Describe strategies to facilitate effective communication					
	Discuss the use of technology for communication					
5.	Explain how to facilitate communication with individuals having diverse needs.					
	Discuss communication for diverse needs					
	<ul> <li>Describe techniques for effective communication when people have sensory impairments</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe techniques used to communicate with impairments due to intoxication</li> </ul>					
	Describe techniques used to communicate with mental impairments					
	<ul> <li>Recognize diverse communication needs for patients of different generations</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Establish strategies for communicating across cultures and language barriers</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe stressors affecting patients and how they affect behaviours</li> </ul>					
6.	Demonstrate critical thinking skills.					
	Define critical thinking processes					
	<ul> <li>Apply processes involved in critical thinking</li> </ul>					
	Discuss the value of critical thinking					
7.	Describe stress and stress management strategies.					
	Describe the common stressors in life					
	<ul> <li>Describe self-talk and how it relates to stress management</li> </ul>					
	Describe a healthy balanced life					
	Describe stress reduction techniques					
8.	Describe the methods used when dealing with grief and loss.					
	<ul> <li>Describe grief and the behaviour of individuals in various stages of grief</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Describe how to assist patients in the various stages of the grieving process</li> </ul>					
	Describe how grief affects the health care provider					
9.	Analyze the components of conflict and techniques for conflict management.					
	Describe conflict and views of conflict					

ETHC 185 – Portion of the Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describe the conflict process</li> </ul>					
<ul><li>Discus</li></ul>	s conflict management techniques					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in one or more of the following ways. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. ETHC Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory for both comprehension and critical thinking assessment
- The closed book exam consists of multiple choice and case study questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

\*\* Candidate must pass challenge exam <u>before</u> the evidence file will be assessed \*\*

### **AND**

# 2. Evidence file (may or may not require an interview with assessor)

- Completion of self-audit
- Cover page (refer to Appendix E)
- Signed employment validation form (refer to Appendix A)
- Signed employer validation checklist (refer to Appendix B ETHC 185)
- If applicable, any relevant documentation of completion of private (offered as an inservice by past employers, for example), training courses, non-credit courses and/or workshops

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *ETHC 185 – Professional Practices 1,* course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

### ETHC 280 - Professional Practices 2

You will study health care organizational behaviour and the skills required for leadership/management roles. You will discuss co-operative work relationships, conflict resolution, budgeting, strategic planning, the collective bargaining process, and workload measurements. You will develop workplace documents and demonstrate job search techniques.

Credit unit(s): 2.0

Competent: I can w Functional: I need Learning: I am de	pal Practices 2 ple to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. Fork independently to apply the outcome. Some assistance in using the outcome. Eveloping skills and knowledge for this area. The outcome is a some assistance with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Develop workplac	ce documents.					
<ul> <li>Explain the prir</li> </ul>	nciples of effective writing					
<ul> <li>Discuss letters</li> </ul>	and e-mail memos					
<ul><li>Discuss standa</li></ul>	rd formal for professional writing					
<ul> <li>Discuss standa</li> </ul>	rd letters					
<ul> <li>Write a proced</li> </ul>	ure					
<ul> <li>Write an effect</li> </ul>	ive e-mail					
<ul> <li>Develop short i</li> </ul>	informal reports					
2. Use effective job	search strategies.					
<ul> <li>Describe job se</li> </ul>	earch strategies					
<ul> <li>Assess the job</li> </ul>	market					
<ul> <li>Describe the in</li> </ul>	nportance of resumes and cover letters					
<ul> <li>Discuss job interest</li> </ul>	erviews					
3. Describe co-oper	ative working relationships.					
<ul> <li>Describe chara</li> </ul>	cteristics of successful teams					
<ul> <li>Describe team</li> </ul>	development stages					
<ul> <li>Describe inter-</li> </ul>	professional health care teams					
<ul> <li>Describe assert</li> </ul>	tiveness techniques					
4. Describe the qua	lities of a leader.					
■ Define leadersh	nip and leadership qualities					
<ul> <li>Discuss leaders</li> </ul>	ship practices					
<ul> <li>Discuss leaders</li> </ul>	ship styles					
5. Describe the orga	anizational functions of a manager.					

ETHC 280 - Pr	ofessional Practices 2					
Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functiona	Learning	None
<ul> <li>Define</li> </ul>	management					
<ul> <li>List the</li> </ul>	e functions of a manager					
<ul><li>Discuss</li></ul>	s the skills required by successful managers					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe how to motivate staff					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe effective performance appraisals					
6. Discuss co	oncepts used in the health care workplace.					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe terms used in organizational planning					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the use of budgets					
<ul><li>Discuss</li></ul>	s Lean practices					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe workload measurement (units)					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	be the role of unions in the workforce					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in one or more of the following ways. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

\*You must have had a minimum of 6 months of experience in a management position in order to PLAR this course (ETHC 280)\*

### 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory for both comprehension and critical thinking assessment
- The closed book exam consists of multiple choice and short answer questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

\*\* Candidate must pass challenge exam before the evidence file will be assessed \*\*

**AND** 

# 2. Evidence file (may or may not require an interview with assessor)

- Completion of self-audit
- Cover page (refer to Appendix E)
- Signed employment validation form that clearly demonstrates the candidate has a minimum of at least 6 months of experience in a management level position (refer to Appendix A)
- Signed employer validation checklist (refer to Appendix B ETHC 280)
- If applicable, any relevant documentation of completion of private (offered as an inservice by past employers, for example), training courses, non-credit courses and/or workshops

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *ETHC 280 – Professional Practices 2,* course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# **IMMU 183 – Immunology**

You will study the body's innate and acquired defense mechanisms. Your studies will focus on the involvement of the immune system in various disease states and clinical conditions. The course also provides an introduction to the principles of antigen-antibody reactions and their application in many laboratory tests.

Credit unit(s): 2.0

Prerequisite(s): MTER 180

IMMU 183 - Im Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Imunology  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Explain the	e process of immunity.					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e the elements and process of non-specific immunity					
	e the general characteristics and components of the adaptive e response					
<ul><li>Describ</li></ul>	e the structure and function of the five immunoglobulin classes					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e the basics of antibody production					
	e the mechanisms and consequences of compliment activation innate and adaptive immunity					
<ul><li>Describ</li></ul>	e the general properties of antigens					
<ul><li>Describ</li></ul>	e the process and products of cell-mediated immunity					
2. Discuss th	e principles of antigen-antibody interactions.					
■ Define	antigen-antibody terminology					
	e the intermolecular attractive forces affecting antigen- y reactions					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e the law of mass action					
<ul><li>Discuss reaction</li></ul>	affinity and avidity and their influence on antigen-antibody					
<ul><li>List the</li></ul>	factors which affect affinity constants					
3. Discuss te	st methods used to detect antigen-antibody reactions.					
■ Define	terms used in immunological testing					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e light-scattering techniques					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e passive immunodiffusion techniques					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e immunoelectrophoretic techniques					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e agglutination reactions					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	e complement fixation techniques					
<ul><li>Explain</li></ul>	the principles and procedures of labeled immunoassays					

		_					
Maste	ery: etent: ional: ing:	Imunology  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
4. Di	iscuss th	e pathophysiology of hypersensitivity reactions.					
•	Define	hypersensitivity					
•	Describ	e the four types of hypersensitivity					
•		e the immune mediator involved in each type of ensitivity					
•		e the mechanism of tissue injury in each type of ensitivity					
•	Give an	example of each type of hypersensitivity					
5. Di	iscuss co	mmon immunological disease states.					
•	Explain	autoimmunity					
-	Explain	tumor immunology					
•	Explain	transplant immunology					
•	Explain	immunodeficiency					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in one or more of the following ways. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory for both comprehension and critical thinking assessment
- The exam is closed book and consists of multiple choice questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *IMMU 183 – Immunology,* course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# INFC 180 - Infection Control and Safety

You will study the transmission of microorganisms, blood-borne pathogens (i.e. hepatitis virus and HIV), standard precautions, isolation procedures, immunization for medical workers, sterilization and disinfection, bio hazard waste, safety and WHMIS.

Credit unit(s): 2.0

INFC 180 – Infection Control and Safety  Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:  I meet control and Safety I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Define the characteristics of microorganisms.					
Describe the different types of microorganisms					
Describe the appearance of bacteria					
Describe the importance of endospores					
Describe the phases of bacterial growth					
Describe the viral characteristics and effects on host cells					
2. Describe the interaction between microbe and host.					
Describe normal flora					
Describe host-microbial relationships other than normal flora					
Describe the chain of infection					
Describe the signs and symptoms of infection					
<ul> <li>Describe nosocomial infections, antibiotic resistant bacteria and the role of infection control committees</li> </ul>					
3. Describe immunization and tuberculin testing.					
Describe how immunity is achieved					
Describe immunization practices for rubella, hepatitis and chicken pox					
Describe the need for tuberculin testing					
4. Describe the blood-borne pathogens – Hepatitis and HIV.					
<ul> <li>Describe the transmission, pathology, diagnostic testing and treatment for Hepatitis A</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describe the transmission, pathology, diagnostic testing and treatment for Hepatitis B</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describe the transmission, pathology, diagnostic testing and treatment for Hepatitis C</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describe the transmission, pathology, diagnostic testing and treatment for HIV</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describe risks and exposure protocols for health care workers</li> </ul>					

INFC 180 – I Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
5. Follow sta	andard precautions and isolation procedures.					
<ul><li>Describ</li></ul>	pe the use and guidelines for standard precautions					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe personal protection					
<ul><li>Describ</li></ul>	pe isolation procedures					
	sterilization and disinfection procedures as an essential fection control.					
<ul> <li>Apply t</li> </ul>	the correct terms used for sterilization and disinfection					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	be the various sterilization methods used in health care settings					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the various methods of chemical disinfection					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the various methods of mechanical disinfection					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe aseptic technique					
7. Describe	safety and WHMIS in the workplace.					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the components of safety					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the components of WHMIS					
<ul> <li>Describ</li> </ul>	pe the disposal of waste in health care facilities					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in one or more of the following ways. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

Students enrolled in the Combined Laboratory and X-Ray Technology (CLXT), Cytotechnology, Medical Laboratory Assistant (MLA), Medical Laboratory Technology (MLT) and Medical Radiologic Technology (MRT) programs who successfully PLAR INFC 180 are required to participate in a Medical Diagnostic Department Saskatoon Campus laboratory safety tour as part of their program requirements.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory
- The exam is closed book and consists of multiple choice questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

\*\* Candidate must pass challenge exam before the evidence file will be assessed \*\*

### 2. Watch video

 HTTP://fms.siast.sk.ca/virtual\_campus/infection.html demonstrates the correct use of personal protective equipment in a health care setting

### AND

# 3. Evidence file (may or may not require an interview with assessor)

- Completion of self-audit
- Cover page (refer to Appendix E)
- Signed employment validation form (refer to Appendix A)
- Signed employer validation checklist (refer to Appendix B INFC 180)
- Signed Medical Diagnostics Department Personal Protective Equipment Student Agreement Biohazard form (Appendix C)
- If applicable, any relevant documentation of completion of private (offered as an inservice by past employers, for example), training courses, non-credit courses and/or workshops

### Resources

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *INFC 180 – Infection Control and Safety,* course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# MTER 180 - Medical Terminology

You will learn to use the prefixes, suffixes and combining forms from which medical terms are derived. You will also learn to use medical abbreviations.

Credit unit(s): 1.0 Equivalent course(s): MED 161

MTER 180 - N Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
6. Apply the	rules for construction and analysis of medical terms.					
■ State t	he components and combinations used					
■ State t	he rules for word construction and analysis					
■ State t	he rules for word pronunciation and spelling					
2. Apply the prefixes.	rules for using medical suffixes, combining forms and					
■ Use su	ffixes which relate to medical conditions					
■ Use su	ffixes which relate to technical procedures					
■ Use ge	neral suffixes commonly used in the medical field					
<ul> <li>Use co</li> </ul>	mbining forms which relate to body systems					
<ul><li>Use ge field</li></ul>	eneral combining forms that are commonly used in the medical					
■ Use pr	efixes which relate to direction or position					
■ Use pr	efixes which relate to colour, shape, size or number					
■ Use ge	neral prefixes that are commonly used in the medical field					
3. Interpret i	medical abbreviations.					
■ Interp	ret abbreviations and symbols related to pharmacy					
■ Interp	ret abbreviations and symbols related to doctor's orders					
■ Interp	ret abbreviations and symbols related to measurement					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in the following way. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

- Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a minimum mark of 50%
- Candidate is tested on theory
- The exam is closed book and consists of multiple choice questions

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

### **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition) *MTER 180 – Medical Terminology*, course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

Several medical dictionaries and medical terminology textbooks are available at: http://library.saskpolytech.ca/

# **PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures**

You will learn the theory and practice required to perform basic procedures in a laboratory. These include laboratory glassware, pipettes, use of balances, centrifuges and microscopes, and solution preparation with related calculations. Cytologic specimen preparation and staining will be emphasized.

Credit unit(s): 4.0

Prerequisite(s): INFC 180

PROC 182 — Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Cytology Lab Procedures  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
1. Practice la	aboratory safety.					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be laboratory safety practices					
<ul> <li>Explain</li> </ul>	n biological laboratory hazards					
<ul> <li>Explain</li> </ul>	n chemical laboratory hazards					
<ul> <li>Descri</li> </ul>	be physical, ergonomic, and psychosocial hazards					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be the controls used to minimize laboratory hazards					
<ul><li>Demoi</li></ul>	nstrate equipment safety					
<ul> <li>Praction</li> </ul>	te laboratory safety					
2. Apply bas	ic principles of light to compound microscopes.					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be the characteristics of light					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be the components of the light spectrum					
<ul><li>Descri media</li></ul>	be what happens to light rays as they pass through optical					
<ul><li>Explain</li></ul>	n the difference between real and virtual images					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be image aberrations and their corrections					
<ul><li>Perfor</li></ul>	m microscopy calculations					
3. Demonstr	rate the use of compound microscopes.					
■ Recog	nize compound microscope components					
<ul><li>Descri</li></ul>	be component functions					
<ul><li>Perfor</li></ul>	m Köhler illumination					
<ul><li>Focus</li></ul>	microscope and multiple lenses					
<ul><li>Demoi</li></ul>	nstrate the proper care of the microscope					
<ul><li>Demoi</li></ul>	nstrate trouble-shooting procedures					

PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures  Mastery:  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  Competent:  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  Learning:  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  None:  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
4. Demonstrate the use and care of general laboratory equipment.					
Follow the rules of locating, using and caring for the balance					
Demonstrate the correct use and care of labware					
<ul> <li>Demonstrate the use, selection and measurement for glass and semi- automated pipettes</li> </ul>					
Describe labelling procedures					
Describe the process of centrifugation					
<ul> <li>Describe types of centrifuges</li> </ul>					
Describe safe operation and maintenance of centrifuges					
5. Perform laboratory calculations.					
Use rules of analytical measures					
Express lab results in correct notation					
Perform unit of measurement conversion					
Define terms used for expressing concentrations					
Perform dilution calculations					
Perform calculations for molar solutions					
Calculate percent solutions					
Calculate anhydrous yields					
<ul> <li>Perform density and specific gravity calculations</li> </ul>					
6. Prepare laboratory solutions.					
Explain the difference between the types of laboratory solutions					
Describe purity and use of different grades of chemicals					
Describe stain classification and coding					
Explain the difference between primary and secondary solutions					
Describe the levels of water purity and purification methods					
<ul> <li>Describe the general guidelines of safe reagent preparation and labelling</li> </ul>					
Describe quantitative transfer and its use					
Describe filtration technique					

PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures  Mastery:  Competent:  Functional:  Learning: None:  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else.  I can work independently to apply the outcome.  I need some assistance in using the outcome.  I am developing skills and knowledge for this area.  I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
7. Discuss the collection of cytological specimens.					
<ul> <li>Describe the fine needle aspiration biopsy procedure for collecting cytologic specimens</li> </ul>					
Describe the collection techniques of gynaecologic specimens					
Describe the collection techniques of respiratory specimens					
Describe the collection techniques of body cavity fluid specimens					
Describe the collection techniques of gastrointestinal specimens					
Describe the collection techniques of bladder and kidney specimens					
Describe the collection techniques of cerebrospinal fluid specimens					
Discuss the various types of fluid specimens in the lab					
8. Demonstrate the procedures used to fix cytological specimens.					
Describe the purpose and qualities of fixatives					
<ul> <li>Describe different types of fixatives</li> </ul>					
Describe procedures used to optimize fixation and cellular adhesion					
Explain special fixation considerations					
9. Demonstrate the preparation of cytological specimens.					
Describe the cytopreparation of mucoid samples					
Describe the cytopreparation of fluid samples					
Describe the cytopreparation of cell blocks					
Describe liquid based specimen preparation					
10. Perform the Papanicolaou staining of cytological specimens.					
Describe the purpose of the Papanicolaou stain					
Describe the principles underlying the Pap stain					
<ul> <li>Describe the 2 methods of Pap staining</li> </ul>					
Describe the factors that influence the Pap stain					
Describe the procedures to optimize the Pap stain					
Describe the effects of fixative on staining					
11. Discuss the use of special stains for cytological specimens.					
Describe stains for air-dried specimens					

PROC 182 — Mastery: Competent: Functional: Learning: None:	Cytology Lab Procedures  I am able to demonstrate it well enough to teach it to someone else. I can work independently to apply the outcome. I need some assistance in using the outcome. I am developing skills and knowledge for this area. I have no experience with the outcome.	Mastery	Competen	Functional	Learning	None
<ul><li>Descr</li></ul>	ibe supravital staining					
■ Descr	ibe immunocytochemistry					
<ul><li>Descr</li></ul>	ibe special stains					

If you qualify for PLAR, you may be asked to demonstrate your learning in both of the following ways. Be prepared to discuss the expectations during a consultation meeting.

# 1. Challenge exam

Candidate will be required to pass a 50 minute examination with a mark of 50% or more

- Candidate is tested on theory including mathematical calculations necessary for reagent preparation and dilution for Cytology Lab Procedures
- The exam is closed book and consists of multiple choice questions
- The student may bring a non-programmable calculator into the exam

Upon prior approval of program head, complete a proctor form (refer to Appendix D).

\*\* Candidate must pass challenge exam before the evidence file will be assessed \*\*

### **AND**

- **2. Evidence file** (may or may not require an interview with assessor)
  - Completion of self-audit
  - Cover page (refer to Appendix E)
  - Signed employment validation form (refer to Appendix A)
  - Signed employer validation checklist (refer to Appendix B PROC 182)
  - If applicable, any relevant documentation of completion of private (offered as an inservice by past employers, for example), training courses, non-credit courses and/or workshops. (i.e. WHMIS certification, TDG certification, WHMIS certification, TDG certification)

# **Resources**

A PLAR candidate may find it beneficial to review the following material in preparation for the assessment. The resources may be referred to, but are not required to PLAR the course.

Laboratory Safety CSMLS Guidelines (current edition)

Saskatchewan Polytechnic (current edition). *PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures*, course manual, Saskatoon, SK: Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus.

# Cytotechnology

**Appendices** 

# Cytotechnology diploma program – Employment Validation Form

An essential part of prior learning and recognition is documentation that serves as evidence for the Saskatchewan Polytechnic assessor that the employee/candidate has acquired skills and knowledge as they relate to the specific learning outcomes for the course(s) they are seeking credit. This **employment validation form** together with the appropriate **employer validation checklist(s)** (Appendix B) provides an indirect, authenticated account of the employee/candidate's performance in industry.

yee/PLAR candidate:			(please print
yment information: (please pr	int)		
Employer:			
Employer address:			
Employer phone number:			Fax:
Employer email:			
Dates of employment:	to:		
	(dd/mm/yy)		(dd/mm/yy)
Employment description:	Full-time		Hours per week:
	Part-time		Hours per week:
Job description (may be attach	ed):		
	<del> </del>		
Employer's signature:			Date:

### Note to employee/PLAR candidate:

The information on this form must be completed and signed by your employer/supervisor or designate indicating the job description, place, and length of employment. This form, together with the appropriate signed and dated **employer validation checklist(s)** (Appendix B) should be returned to our PLAR assessor at Saskatchewan Polytechnic.

## **Appendix B: Employer validation checklists**

#### 

Completion date:

**Note to validator:** PLAR can be used to formally recognize learning that has already taken place. In the Medical Diagnostic programs at Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus it is felt that recent employment experience may constitute sufficient application of critical skills to meet the learning outcomes for Professional Practices 1.

Below is a list of learning outcomes the candidate is required to achieve in completing ETHC 185 (Professional Practices 1). For each step in the learning outcomes please rate the candidate's performance by placing a  $\sqrt{\ }$  in the appropriate descriptor column (1, 2, 3, 4, none). For this validation if a parameter has not been performed by the candidate or is not a task that is performed at your laboratory, please place a  $\sqrt{\ }$  in the "none" column and provide a comment in the space provided at the end of this document.

Please validate each of the learning outcomes for ETHC 185 then sign below and include with the employment validation form.

ETHC 185 – Professional Practices 1 4: Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within					
acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.					
<b>3:</b> Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.					
2: Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.					
Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.  None: Has no experience with the outcome	4	m	7	1	None
Demonstrates interpersonal communication by:					
<ul> <li>Seeking out and listening to colleagues and clients such as:</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>approaching colleagues with questions about procedures and protocols</li> </ul>					
o following advice or direction given					
o seeking advice when appropriate					
<ul> <li>Using effective verbal communication strategies such as:</li> </ul>					
o asking questions when information is not clear					
<ul> <li>Using technology appropriately to facilitate communication such as:</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>communicating appropriately while using the phone (i.e. polite, professional)</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>communicating appropriately while using the phone (i.e.</li> </ul>					

ET	HC 185 - Professional Practices 1					
	Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.					
3:	Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.					
	Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.					
1:	Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.					None
No	ne: Has no experience with the outcome	4	ო	7	-	Ž
	o generating accurate computerized reports					
	Using effective written communication skills such as:					
	o writing neat and legible documents					
	<ul> <li>producing clear, organized and understandable written documents</li> </ul>					
	Following instructions well (verbal and written)					
	Demonstrating effective teamwork skills such as:					
	<ul> <li>working well with others involved in the same task, respecting their knowledge, skills and opinions</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Demonstrating effective cooperative skills in dealings with others such as:</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>offering to help/assist coworkers when own work is completed</li> </ul>					
2.	Demonstrates critical thinking skills by:					
	<ul> <li>Performing appropriately in situations involving time constraints, deadlines and unexpected events such as:</li> </ul>					
	o using time effectively					
	o organizing work with limited assistance					
	<ul> <li>Demonstrating effective behaviours in critical situations (identifies problems and offers solutions by):</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>remaining calm and continuing to look for solutions even in stressful situations</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Completes tasks, assignments and projects that involve new skills in a timely and thorough manner by:</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>approaching new challenges in a logical and enthusiastic manner</li> </ul>					
3.	Demonstrates conflict resolution techniques by:					
	Identifying their problem and unmet needs					
	Meeting and describing their problems and needs					
	Listening and considering the other person's point of view					

Signature:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### **Employer validation checklist: ETHC 280 - Professional Practices 2**

Cytotechnology	Student name:
ETHC 280	Student ID:
Professional Practices 2	Date:
	Completion date:

**Note to validator:** PLAR can be used to formally recognize learning that has already taken place. In the Medical Diagnostic programs at Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus it is felt that recent employment experience may constitute sufficient application of critical skills to meet the learning outcomes for Professional Practices 2.

Below is a list of learning outcomes the candidate is required to achieve in completing ETHC 280 (Professional Practices 2). For each step in the learning outcomes please rate the candidate's performance by placing a  $\checkmark$  in the appropriate descriptor column (mastery, competent, functional, learning, none). For this validation if a parameter has not been performed by the candidate or is not a task that is performed at your laboratory, please place a  $\checkmark$  in the "none" column and provide a comment in the space provided at the end of this document.

Please validate each of the learning outcomes for ETHC 280 then sign below and include with the employment validation form.

ETHC 280 – Professional Practices 2 4: Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within					
acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.					
<b>3:</b> Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.					
<b>2:</b> Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.					
<b>1:</b> Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.					None
None: Has no experience with the outcome	4	m	7	-	Ž
Develops workplace documents by:					
Writing letters and memos					
<ul> <li>Applying standard format for letters and memos</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Applying standard format for letters and memos</li> <li>Organizing the message</li> </ul>					
11,7 2					

Comments:		
Signature:	Date: _	

### **Employer validation checklist: INFC 180 – Infection Control and Safety**

Cytotechnology	Student name:
INFC 180	Student ID:
Infection Control and Safety	Date:
	Completion date:

**Note to validator:** PLAR can be used to formally recognize learning that has already taken place. In the Medical Diagnostic programs at Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus it is felt that recent employment experience may constitute sufficient application of critical skills to meet the learning outcomes for Infection Control and Safety.

Below is a list of learning outcomes the candidate is required to achieve in completing INFC 180 (Infection Control and Safety). For each step in the learning outcomes please rate the candidate's performance by placing a  $\checkmark$  in the appropriate column (yes or no). Candidate is expected to achieve a "yes" on all criteria. For this validation if a parameter has not been performed by the candidate provide a comment in the space provided at the end of this document.

# Please validate each of the learning outcomes for INFC 180 then sign below and include with the employment validation form.

	180 - Infection Control and Safety		
Yes:	Criteria met	Yes	9
No:	Criteria not met	<b>&gt;</b>	Z
Follow	Standard Precautions and Isolation Procedures by demonstrating the following performance assessments.		
Perfor	mance test 1 (removing gloves)		
•	Uses one hand to pinch the wrist edge of the other glove		
•	Pulls the glove downward, turning it inside out as it is removed and holds it in the gloved hand		
•	Puts two finders of ungloved hand under the top edge of the other glove, keeping the outer surface of the glove away from skin		
•	Pulls the glove downward, turning it inside out, so that the glove being held is enclosed in the glove being pulled off		
•	Discards gloves in appropriate garbage		
	Washes hands		
Perfor	mance test 2 (removing gown)		
•	Unties gown, waist ties first and neck ties last		
•	Pulls neckline forward as neck is untied		
•	Removes arms without touching outer surface of gown		
•	Folds gown with outer surface in		
•	Puts gown in appropriate laundry container or hangs it in appropriate area		

a met a not met s hands  test 3 (hand washing)  res jewellery (rings, watches, bracelets, etc.)  s water flow and temperature  rands thoroughly  s enough soap to give a lather	Yes	ON N
test 3 (hand washing) es jewellery (rings, watches, bracelets, etc.) s water flow and temperature ands thoroughly		
test 3 (hand washing) es jewellery (rings, watches, bracelets, etc.) s water flow and temperature ands thoroughly		
es jewellery (rings, watches, bracelets, etc.) s water flow and temperature ands thoroughly		
s water flow and temperature ands thoroughly		
ands thoroughly		
s enough soap to give a lather		
all parts of hands including front, back, thumbs, nail beds, en fingers and wrists		
for a minimum of ten seconds		
- II		
ands on paper towel		
aper towel to turn taps off		
l i s	hands down, but not under water while scrubbing and adds more if lather is not sufficient  for a minimum of ten seconds  shands under running water and allows water to flow from wrists ers  hands on paper towel  paper towel to turn taps off	hands down, but not under water while scrubbing and adds more if lather is not sufficient  s for a minimum of ten seconds s hands under running water and allows water to flow from wrists ers  hands on paper towel

### **Employer validation checklist: PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures**

Cytotechnology	Student name:
PROC 182	Student ID:
Cytology Lab Procedures	Date:
	Completion date:

**Note to validator:** PLAR can be used to formally recognize learning that has already taken place. In the Cytotechnology Program at Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus it is felt that recent employment experience in a laboratory may constitute sufficient application of critical laboratory skills to meet the learning outcomes for Cytology Lab Procedures.

Below is a list of learning outcomes the candidate is required to achieve in completing PROC 182 (Cytology Lab Procedures). For each step in the learning outcomes please rate the candidate's performance by placing a  $\sqrt{}$  in the appropriate descriptor column (1, 2, 3, 4, none). For this validation if a parameter has not been performed by the candidate or is not a task that is performed at your laboratory, please place a  $\sqrt{}$  in the "none" column and provide a comment in the space provided at the end of this document.

# Please validate each of the learning outcomes for PROC 182 then sign below and include with the employment validation form

PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures					
<b>4:</b> Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.					
<b>3:</b> Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.					
<b>2:</b> Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.					
1: Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.					e e
None: Has no experience with the outcome.	4	m	7	-	None
1. Practices laboratory safety by:					
<ul> <li>Describing laboratory safety practices</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Explaining biological laboratory hazards</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Explaining chemical laboratory hazards</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describing physical, ergonomic, and psychosocial hazards</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describing the controls used to minimize laboratory hazards</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Demonstrating equipment safety</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Practicing laboratory safety</li> </ul>					
2. Demonstrates the use of compound microscopes by:					
■ Performing Köhler illumination					
Focusing microscope and multiple lenses					

PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures					
<b>4:</b> Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.					
<b>3:</b> Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.					
2: Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.					
<ul><li>1: Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.</li><li>None: Has no experience with the outcome.</li></ul>	4	က	7	H	None
Demonstrating the proper care of the microscope					
Demonstrating trouble-shooting procedures					1
3. Demonstrates the use and care of general laboratory equipment by:					
<ul> <li>Following the rules of locating, using and caring for the balance</li> </ul>					
Demonstrating the correct use and care of labware					
<ul> <li>Demonstrating the use, selection and measurement for glass and semi-automated pipettes</li> </ul>					
Describing labelling procedures					
<ul> <li>Describing safe operation and maintenance of centrifuges</li> </ul>					
4. Performs laboratory calculations by:					
<ul> <li>Using rules of analytical measures</li> </ul>					
Expressing lab results in correct notation					
Performing unit of measurement conversion					
Defining terms used for expressing concentrations					
Performing dilution calculations					
Performing calculations for molar solutions					
Calculating percent solutions					
Calculating anhydrous yields					
Performing density and specific gravity calculations					
5. Demonstrates the preparation of cytological specimens including:					
The cytopreparation of mucoid samples					
The cytopreparation of fluid samples					
The cytopreparation of cell blocks					
<ul> <li>Describing liquid based specimen preparation.</li> </ul>					

PROC 182 – Cytology Lab Procedures					
<ol> <li>4: Exceeds the completion of work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays the ability to apply concepts at an advanced level.</li> <li>3: Consistently completes routine work in an organized fashion within acceptable time frames, and displays a good understanding of basic concepts.</li> <li>2: Slow and/or disorganized and displays a lack of understanding in some basic concepts.</li> <li>1: Consistently fails to complete routine work, disorganized and displays difficulty understanding basic concepts.</li> <li>None: Has no experience with the outcome.</li> </ol>	4	3	2	1	None
6. Performs the Papanicolaou staining of cytological specimens including:					
<ul> <li>Describing the purpose of the Papanicolaou stain</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describing the principles underlying the Pap stain</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Describing the 2 methods of Pap staining</li> </ul>					
Describing the factors that influence the Pap stain					
<ul> <li>Describing the procedures to optimize the Pap stain</li> </ul>					
Describing the effects of fixative on staining					
Comments:					
Signature: Date:					



# Medical Diagnostics Department Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Student Agreement Biohazard

Ι, _		
1.	Agree to follow PPE usage as outlined in INFC 180 course manual, Learning Outcome	5
2.	I have reviewed the PPE video posted by the Medical Diagnostics Department.	
	I comply with the PPE requirements taught in the Medical Diagnostic programs and as iired by my clinical site.	;
Da	e: Student signature:	
Da	e: MDD Faculty signature:	

\*Resources: Infection Control and Safety course manual Learning Outcome 5 November 2014

### **Challenge exam: Proctor form - Prior Learning Assessment**

If you wish to write a challenge exam off-campus, please return this completed form to your Saskatchewan Polytechnic program. Request this at Step 4 – Action plan of the PLAR process.

Upon approval of the program head, the details and resources for the exam will be supplied to the exam proctor. You can write the exam under secure conditions when it is convenient to both of you.

Program Head Cytotechnology program Saskatchewan Polytechnic Saskatoon Campus PO Box 1520 Saskatoon, SK S7K 3R5

The exam proctor/supervisor should be a professional (teacher, RCMP, RN, secretary, clergy, etc.) and must be a non-relative.

#### Exam proctor/supervisor

Name:		
	Home phone:	
Student's name: (please print)		
	Signature:	

Evidence file for:	
	(course code and name)
Name:	
Address:	
Residence phone:	
Business phone:	
City/town:	
Province, Postal Code:	
Saskatchewan Polytechnic	c candidate #:
Email address:	
	evidence are correct and have been compiled am the person named in this application and
the evidence unless other	
	Cignaturo
	Signature: